



Product Name: COPPERPLAN COPPER INJECTION FOR CATTLE

APVMA Approval No: 47288/135393

Label Name:	COPPERPLAN COPPER INJECTION FOR CATTLE
Signal Headings:	FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY
Constituent Statements:	60 mg/ml COPPER AS COPPER GLYCINATE
Claims:	COPPERPLAN® is recommended for the treatment and prevention of copper deficiency in cattle.
Net Contents:	200 mL
Directions for Use:	
Restraints:	
Contraindications:	This product should not be used unless copper deficiency is confirmed. Should not be used on animals suffering from liver disease e.g. facial eczema.
Precautions:	Should not be used in conjunction with any other form of copper supplement. Should not be used at the same time as any other treatment, e.g. drenching, vaccination or castration.
Side Effects:	Allergic reactions have been known to occur in rare cases, in certain predisposed animals when prompt anti-histamine treatment is indicated.
Dosage and Administration:	Use the contents within 24 hours of first broaching the pack. Discard the unused portion SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE.
	Administer by subcutaneous injection to be given into the anterior half of the neck. Cattle under 150 kg 1 mL (repeat every 3 - 6 months)

Cattle over 150 kg 2 mL (repeat every 6 months)

Pinch the skin between finger and thumb and inject COPPERPLAN®, ensuring that the underlying muscle is not penetrated, and the needle does not pass out the other side of the pinched skin before completion of the injection. Disconnect the giving set and automatic injector from the flexipack and flush out completely before reuse.

CAUTION: AVOID CARCASE DAMAGE

- 1. Sterilise all injection apparatus by boiling before use. Avoid use of strong disinfectants on apparatus.
- 2. Maintain cleanliness at all times.
- 3. Keep needles sharp and clean. Replace frequently.
- 4. Use shortest needle possible, certainly not exceeding 15mm.
- 5. As far as is possible avoid injection of animals during wet weather or under dusty conditions.
- 6. This product must be injected only under the skin.
- 7. If possible inject high on the neck behind the ear.

General Directions:	OCCURRENCE OF COPPER DEFICIENCY Copper deficiency may occur as a simple or primary deficiency when concentrations of copper in the diet are markedly deficient. Secondary copper deficiency may also occur in situations where the copper:molybdenum relationship is abnormal (As may occur when copper is marginal and molybdenum normal, or copper normal and molybdenum high). Symptoms of copper deficiency in cattle include growth depression, coat depigmentation, scouring and death.
Withholding Periods:	MEAT: Zero (0) days MILK: Zero (0) days
Trade Advice:	EXPORT SLAUGHTER INTERVAL (ESI): Zero (0) days
Safety Directions:	
First Aid Instructions:	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poison Information Centre, Phone Australia 131126
First Aid Warnings:	
Additional User Safety:	
Environmental	

Statements:

Disposal:	Dispose of container by wrapping with paper and putting in garbage. Discarded needles/sharps should immediately be placed in a designated and appropriately labelled 'sharps' container.
Storage:	Store below 30°C (room temperature). Protect from light.