

DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Nufarm Bromoxynil 200

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/L BROMOXYNIL

present as bromoxynil octanoate

ALSO CONTAINS: 648 g/L HYDROCARBON LIQUID

GROUP 6 HERBICIDE

For the control of weeds in wheat, oats, barley, cereal rye and triticale (alone or undersown), grain sorghum, linseed, clover and lucerne pastures, turf, fallow, non-crop, roadsides and rights-of-way as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

EC

EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE



 Nufarm

AUSTRALIAN
THROUGH
& THROUGH

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply by mister machines.

DO NOT apply if crops or weeds are stressed due to excessively dry or moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply when rain is expected within 3 hours.

DO NOT apply to lucerne crops or clover based pastures or turf in temperatures above 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application.

Spray Drift Restraints

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

Boom Sprayers - Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + Nufarm Galaxy™

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets are not smaller than a COARSE spray droplet size category
- Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Buffer Zones for Boom Sprayers - Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + Nufarm Galaxy™

Application rate	Boom Height above target canopy	Mandatory buffer zones (distances given in metres)				
		Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + 250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™	0.5 m or lower	0	0	0	30	0
	1.0 m or lower				85	
300 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + 300 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™	0.5 m or lower				30	
	1.0 m or lower				80	
700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + 335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™	0.5 m or lower				40	
	1.0 m or lower				110	
1050 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + 500 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™	0.5 m or lower				50	
	1.0 m or lower				150	
1250 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 + 670 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™	0.5 m or lower				60	
	1.0 m or lower				180	

SECTION 1. CROP USES

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale: including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medics	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.)# Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>)# Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>)# Charlock (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>)# Cleavers^ Common peppergrass (<i>Lepidium apanicum</i>) Corn gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>)# Fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>)# Field madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>)# Hexham scent (King Island Melilot) (<i>Melilotus indicus</i>)# Horned poppy (<i>Glaucium flavum</i>)# Indian hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>)# Lesser swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>)# Mexican poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>)# Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>)# Purple calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>)# Paterson's curse (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>)# Rough poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>)# Saffron thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>)# Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>)# Slender thistle (<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>)# Three cornered Jack (Double gee, Spiny emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>) Tree hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>) Turnip weed (Giant mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>)# Variegated thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>) Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)# Wild mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.) Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>) Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>) Fumitories (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.) Three cornered Jack (Double gee, Spiny emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>)* Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)*	Up to the 5 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50 mm in diameter	1.4 L/ha plus 390 mL/ha Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 OR 465 mL/ha Nufarm MCPA Amine 750	CROP STAGE: Cereals: 3 leaf to fully tillered. (Z13-30). Undersown and seed Clover crops: Apply after clover seedlings have at least three trifoliate leaves. CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shorttim wheat cultivars. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. A slight burning of clover may occur. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). Apply only when weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. ^Cleavers only controlled at 2 - 4 stems plus 1 - 3 whorls of leaves/stem. #WA ONLY: These weeds will also be controlled at this weed stage at the lower rate of 750 mL/ha plus 390 mL/ha Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 OR 465 mL/ha Nufarm MCPA Amine 750.
Clover seed crops	Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>) Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>) Fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>) Field madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>) Lesser swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>) Mountain sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>) Purple calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>) Paterson's curse (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>) Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) Three-horned bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricornutum</i>) Variegated thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	5-8 leaf stage	2.1 L/ha Plus 390 mL/ha Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 OR 465 mL/ha Nufarm MCPA Amine 750	CROP STAGE: Cereals: 5 leaf to fully tillered. (Z13-30). Undersown and seed Clover crops: Apply after clover seedlings have at least three trifoliate leaves. CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shorttim wheat cultivars. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. A slight burning of clover may occur. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). Apply only when weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. DO NOT apply to medics at this rate (WA only). APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application. BLACK BINDWEED: Use a minimum of 220 L spray per hectare on Black bindweed when crop is greater than 300 mm high. *WA ONLY: These weeds will also be controlled at this weed stage at the lower rate of 1.4 L/ha plus 390 mL/ha Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 OR 465 mL/ha Nufarm MCPA Amine 750.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE	Critical Comments
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale: including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medic	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.) Birds eye (Carrot Weed) (<i>Cotula australis</i>)# Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>) Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>) Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>) Common peppergrass (<i>Lepidium alyssoides</i>) Common sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) Corn gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>) Fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 35 mm in diameter	1.4 L/ha	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal, Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillered (Z13-30). Linseed: 50 to 150 mm high. Undersown Lucerne and Clover: After seedlings have one trifoliate leaf or before there is 150 mm regrowth in established stands. Lotus: Apply post-emergence at least 4 weeks after sowing (crop seedlings with a minimum of 2 - 6 true leaves). APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application.
Linseed	Field madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>) Lesser swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>) Mountain sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>) Pheasant's eye (<i>Adonis amurensis</i>)# Purple calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>) Saffron thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>) Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) Three-horned bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>) Tree hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>) Variegated thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	Up to the 6 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50 mm in diameter	2.1 L/ha	Good coverage of the spray on the weed is essential. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). For optimum control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. CAUTION: Undersown Lucerne and Clover: This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. Linseed: DO NOT spray linseed by aerial application. Lotus: Some initial scorching of leaves may occur in some cases. Medics: Application to some cultivars of Medics may result in unacceptable crop damage in some situations.
Lotus seed or forage crops (Qd only)	Common sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>)	4 - 8 leaves		COMMON SOWTHISTLE: Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha. If Group 2 resistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chlorsulfuron apply 2.1 L/ha. FIREWEED: Apply during the Autumn-Winter period when weeds are young and actively growing. Not effective on mature plants. BLACK BINDWEED: Use a minimum of 220 L spray per hectare on Black bindweed when crop is greater than 300 mm high. # SA ONLY: Birds eye and Pheasant's eye will also be controlled up to the 4 leaf stage at a lower rate of 700 mL/ha. ^ Effective control of Paterson's curse and Fumitories will only be obtained under good growing conditions. \$ Where Wireweed is growing under stress, it has been found to be less susceptible.
	Fumitories (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.)^ Mexican poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>), Paterson's curse (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>)^ Three cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>) Turnip weed (Giant mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>) Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) Wild mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.) Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>) Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)\$	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50 mm in diameter		
	Fireweed (<i>Senecio</i> spp.)	Seedlings	1.4 L/ha	
		Early flowering stage	2.8 L/ha	
Grain sorghum	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>) Belvine (<i>I. plebeia</i>)	Up to 4 leaves	1.5 L/ha	CROP STAGE: 4 - 12 leaf stage. This product may cause transient leaf burn of some sorghum varieties. APPLICATION: Beyond the 6 - 8 leaf stage of the crop, dropped nozzles should be used to minimize chemical being sprayed into the whorl and on upper leaves of the crop and to reduce shading of weeds. Use on small weeds early in the crop life to prevent shading out of the weeds. Spray when weeds are actively growing and not when drought stressed. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha.
	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>)	4 - 8 leaves	2 L/ha	CROP STAGE: 4 - 12 leaf stage. This product may cause transient leaf burn of some sorghum varieties. APPLICATION: Beyond the 6 - 8 leaf stage of the crop, dropped nozzles should be used to minimize chemical being sprayed into the whorl and on upper leaves of the crop and to reduce shading of weeds. Use on small weeds early in the crop life to prevent shading out of the weeds. Spray when weeds are actively growing and not when drought stressed. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha.
	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>) Belvine (<i>I. plebeia</i>) Morning glory (<i>I. purpurea</i>) Bladder Ketmia (<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>) Annual ground cherry (<i>Physalis angulata</i>) Fierce thornapple (<i>Datura ferox</i>) Anoda weed (<i>Anoda cristata</i>)	Up to 4 leaves	1.5 L/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha of a 900 g/kg atrazine product	CROP STAGE: 4 - 12 leaf stage. This product may cause transient leaf burn of some sorghum varieties. APPLICATION: Beyond the 6 - 8 leaf stage of the crop, dropped nozzles should be used to minimize chemical being sprayed into the whorl and on upper leaves of the crop and to reduce shading of weeds. Use on small weeds early in the crop life to prevent shading out of the weeds. Spray when weeds are actively growing and not when drought stressed. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha. Add a non-ionic surfactant. DO NOT use on sandy soils.
		4 - 8 leaves	2 L/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha of a 900 g/kg atrazine product	

SECTION 2. PASTURES AND OTHER USES

CROP / SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
			Boom sprayer	High Volume	Knapsack	
Pastures - Grass, Lucerne and Clover based	Pheasant's eye (<i>Adonis microcarpa</i>) Birds eye (Carrot Weed) (<i>Cotula australis</i>) Fireweed (<i>Senecio madagascariensis</i>) Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia spp.</i>) Bellvine (<i>I. plebeia</i>) Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>) Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>) Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>) Common peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>) Common sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) Corn gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>) Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>) Fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>) Field madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>) Lesser swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>) Mountain sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>) Purple calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>) Saffron thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>) Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) Three cornered Jack (Double gee, Spiny emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>) Three-horned bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>) Tree hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>) Variegated thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>) Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	Up to 4 leaves More than 4 leaves Seedlings Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 35 mm in diameter	750 mL/ha 1.5 L/ha 1.5 L/ha Up to and including the flowering stage	75 mL per 100 L 15 mL/100m ² per 15 L 75 mL per 100 L	15 mL/100m ² per 15 L 15 mL/100m ² per 15 L	PASTURE GROWTH STAGE: Grass pastures: 3 leaf to full tilleder (T13-30). Lucerne and Clover pastures: After seedlings have one trifoliate leaf or before there is 150 mm regrowth in established stands. CAUTION: Lucerne and Clover pastures: This product will cause slight leaf burning of lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. Application to some cultivars of Medics may result in unacceptable crop damage in some situations. DO NOT apply to polymorpha medics. Avoid application to clover-based pastures in temperatures over 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application; as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged. APPLICATION: Apply during Autumn/Winter, when weeds are young and actively growing. Not effective on mature plants. For volunteer cotton control, including Roundup Ready varieties a minimum spray volume of 80 L/ha should be used for boom sprayer application. Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 alone or with glyphosate will not provide satisfactory control of ratoon or "stub" cotton.
Fallow, Non Crop, Roadsides and Rights of Way	African daisy (<i>Senecio pterophorus</i>) Boneseed/Bitou-bush (<i>Chrysanthemoides monilifera</i>)	Up to and including the flowering stage Seedlings only	6 L/ 500L water per ha	300 mL per 100L 160 mL/100L	60 mL/100m ² per 15 L	The plants, including the stems, must be thoroughly wet to the point of run-off. Apply when the plants are actively growing. Nufarm Activator® should be added at 125mL per 100 L of spray. A follow-up treatment may be necessary for large, well established plants. Ensure an overall spray coverage on weed seedlings.

CROP / SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
			Boom sprayer	High Volume	Knapsack	
Fallow, Non Crop, Roadsides and Rights of Way <i>continued</i>	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>)	Up to 6 leaves	1.5 L/ha	75 mL per 100L	15 mL/100m ² per 15 L	Complete coverage is essential, plants which are shaded by stubble or other weeds will not be controlled. Weeds that are drought stressed and sprayed under hot conditions may not be adequately controlled. The addition of glyphosate will provide broader spectrum weed control where needed. *or other glyphosate product such as Nufarm Crucial® Herbicide, Nufarm weedmaster® DST or Nufarm weedmaster® ARGO®.
		Up to 8 leaves	2.1 L/ha	100 mL per 100L	20 mL/100m ² per 15L	
	Climbing buckwheat (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>)	Cotyledon to mature, vining plants	1.5 L/ha OR 1 - 1.5 L/ha plus Nufarm Glyphosate 450*	75 mL per 100L OR 75 mL per 100L plus Nufarm Glyphosate 450*	15 mL/100m ² per 15L OR 15 mL/100m ² per 15L plus Nufarm Glyphosate 450*	The rate of glyphosate used should be robust for the conditions and sufficient to control the hardest-to-kill weed in the situation. For general fallow weed control application volumes above 50 L/ha are recommended.
	Volunteer conventional cotton (<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>) Volunteer Roundup Ready® cotton (<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>)	Cotyledon to 6 leaves				
Turf: Established Couch (including Queensland blue), Buffalo, Bent, Paspalum, Kikuyu, Fescue, and Rye lawns	Bindy-eye (<i>Calotis hispida</i>) Jo-jo (Onehunga) (<i>Saliva pterosperma</i>) Cudweed (<i>Gnaphalium</i> spp.)	Seedlings only	6 L/ 500L water per ha	300 mL per 100L	60 mL/100m ² per 15L	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. A slight browning of grasses, especially Paspalum, may occur in hot conditions.

SECTION 3. WEED TABLE FOR TANK MIXES OF NUFARM BROMOXNIL 200 + NUFARM GALAXY™

WEEDS AND WEED GROWTH STAGE	Nufarm Galaxy™ + Nufarm BROMOXNIL 200 MINIMUM APPLICATION RATES
Bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Bifora (<i>Bifora testiculata</i>) 2 - 5 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Bindweed/Black bindweed (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	2 - 4 leaf: 250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200 2 - 6 leaf: 335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Corn gromwell (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Dead nettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Doublegee/Spiny emex/Three cornered Jack (<i>Emex australis</i>) 2 - 4 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200
Fumitory (<i>Fumaria densiflora</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxnil 200

WEEDS and WEED GROWTH STAGE	Nufarm Galaxy™ + Nufarm BROMOXYNIL 200 MINIMUM APPLICATION RATES
Indian hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Paterson's curse (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Prickly lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Saffron thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Sow thistle/ Common sow thistle/ Milk thistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer canola (<i>Brassica napus</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer chickpeas (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer faba bean (<i>Vicia faba</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer field peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer lentils (<i>Lens culinaris</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 - suppression
Volunteer lupins (<i>Lupinus</i> species) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer medic (<i>Medicago</i> spp.) 2 - 6 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer seedling lucerne (<i>Medicago sativa</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Volunteer vetch (<i>Vicia sativa</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 - suppression
Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	2 - 4 leaf: 250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 Up to 6 leaf: 335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>) 2 - 8 leaf	250 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 525 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	335 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 700 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200
Yellow burr weed (<i>Amsinckia calycina</i>) 2 - 6 leaf	300 mL/ha Nufarm Galaxy™ + 630 mL/ha Nufarm Bromoxynil 200

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

HARVEST - ALL CROPS: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GRAZING - DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCKFOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION .

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions. Use only at recommended growth stages of crops and weeds. **DO NOT** use on crops other than recommended.

Mixing Information

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of this product. Agitate thoroughly, then add the remainder of water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

Boom Sprayer Application

USE ONLY low boom equipment set up to provide good coverage of weeds within the crop canopy. USE ONLY coarse spray quality according to ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles. Apply 50 - 200 L (WA: 50 - 100 L) of water per hectare. Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed. A minimum of 160 L and preferably 200 L of water per hectare is recommended where the weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense.

High Volume (Hand Gun) and Knapsack Application

The plants, including the stems, must be thoroughly wet to the point of run-off. Apply when the plants are actively growing. A follow-up treatment may be necessary. Ensure an overall spray coverage on weed seedlings.

Aerial Application

Apply a minimum of 22 L of water per hectare. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by micronaire equipment may give variable results.

Equipment Maintenance

After use, wash equipment thoroughly and rinse several times prior to re-use. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. If using tank mixes with Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700 or Nufarm MCPA Amine 750 apply with equipment that will not be used in 2,4-D and MCPA susceptible crops, particularly cotton and vines.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 6 HERBICIDE

Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 Herbicide is a member of the nitriles group of herbicides. Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 has the inhibitors of photosynthesis at photosystem II mode of action. For weed resistance management Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 is a Group 6 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 and other Group 6 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 or other Group 6 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Nufarm Australia Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 to control resistant weeds.

COMPATIBILITY

This product may be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following herbicides or insecticides in wheat and barley only: Nufarm Galaxy™, Nufarm MCPA Amine 750, Nufarm Amicide® Advance 700, Associate®, Brodal® Options, Chloryprifos, Dimethoate, Nufarm Glyphosate products (CRUCIAL®, Nufarm Glyphosate 450, Nufarm weedmaster® DUO, Nufarm weedmaster® DST, Nufarm weedmaster® ARG0®, Nufarm Kamba® 750, Omethoate and Paragon®. Nufarm Bromoxynil 200 is compatible with 400 g/L fluoxypr products when needed for control of mixed weed populations in grain sorghum. As formulations of other manufacturers products are beyond the control of Nufarm, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

PRECAUTIONS

Re-entry period

DO NOT allow entry into treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Drift Warning: **DO NOT** apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, or on days following treatment may result in seedling mortality and established plants may be damaged.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. **DO NOT** contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seeds and fertilisers. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. **DO NOT** store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Protect from frost.

Non-refillable containers

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. **DO NOT** burn empty containers or product.

Returnable containers

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale spray mist. When preparing spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face-shield. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed, **DO NOT** induce vomiting.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS (WHS REGULATIONS 2011)

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. **DO NOT** handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye and face protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. **DO NOT** breathe spray. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. **IF SWALLOWED:** immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. **IF INHALED:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. **IF IN EYES:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. **IF ON SKIN:** Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), which can be obtained by scanning the QR code, from your supplier or the Nufarm website.

In case of emergency: Phone 1800 033 498 (24 hrs) and ask for shift supervisor.

PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP INFORMATION AND TOOLS

nufarm.com.au/spraywise is a website which contains resources on spray drift management, recording keeping and application technologies.

spraywisedecisions.com.au is an online weather forecasting program and is recommended for use when planning your pesticide application.

When spraying in or near areas with sensitive crops such as cotton, check online at satacrop.com.au for the proximity of sensitive crops mapped by growers.

stewardshipfirst.com.au is a website with CropLife Australia's suite of world-leading product stewardship initiatives, programs and best-practice guides.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Any provisions or rights under the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or relevant state legislation which cannot be excluded by those statutes or by law are not intended to be excluded by these conditions of sale. Subject to the foregoing, all warranties, conditions, rights and remedies, expressed or implied under common law, statute or otherwise, in relation to the sale, supply, use or application of this product, are excluded. Nufarm Australia Limited and/or its affiliates ("Nufarm") shall not accept any liability whatsoever (including consequential loss), or howsoever arising (including negligence) for any damage, injury or death connected with the sale, supply, use or application of this product except for liability which cannot be excluded by statute.

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For product advice, or to learn more about complementary Nufarm solutions,
reach out to your local Nufarm specialist or call **1800 NUFARM (1800 683 267)**.

APVMA Approval No.: 31614/RV2024